THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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SIMMONS & WHEELER, P.C.

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Certified Public Accountants

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 1 Jefferson County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 1 as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, andmaintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are freefrom material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that mayraise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than forone resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The individual fund budgetary schedules and property tax information listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The individual fund budgetary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The budgetary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Simmons Elechaller P.C.

Englewood, CO April 25, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 604,874
Cash and Investments - Restricted	6,940,837
Receivable from Plaza Metropolitan District No. 2	6,744
Receivable from Plaza Metropolitan District No. 3	3,232
Receivable - PIF	140,494
Receivable - Lodger's Tax	7,793
Prepaid Expense	29,438
Capital Assets, Net	24,461,714
Total Assets	32,195,126
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	167,564
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds	210,085
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due within One Year	5,550,000
Due in More Than One Year	98,696,989
Total Liabilities	104,624,637
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,236,988
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	3,000
Debt Service	187,499
Unrestricted	(74,856,999)
Total Net Position	\$ (72,429,512)

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		_	Program Revenues		Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Government Activities:					
General Government Public Works Parking Interest and Related Costs on	\$ 205,124 2,793,083 6,927	\$- - 5,614	\$- 80,845 -	\$ - - -	\$ (205,124) (2,712,238) (1,313)
Long-Term Debt	13,226,963	<u> </u>	9,461,756		(3,765,207)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 16,232,097	\$ 5,614	\$ 9,542,601	<u>\$</u>	(6,683,882)
	GENERAL REVEN Public Improveme Net Investment In Total Genera	ent Fees come			5,352,418 8,639 5,361,057
	CHANGE IN NET F	POSITION			(1,322,825)
	Net Position - Begir	nning of Year			(71,106,687)
	NET POSITION - E	ND OF YEAR			\$ (72,429,512)

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	 General	 Debt Service	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable from Plaza Metropolitan District No. 2 Receivable from Plaza Metropolitan District No. 3 Receivable - PIF Receivable - Lodger's Tax Prepaid Expenses	\$ 604,874 3,000 - - - 29,438	\$ - 6,937,837 6,744 3,232 140,494 7,793	\$	604,874 6,940,837 6,744 3,232 140,494 7,793 29,438
Total Assets	\$ 637,312	\$ 7,096,100	\$	7,733,412
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 166,879	\$ 685	\$	167,564
Total Liabilities	 166,879	 685		167,564
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Expense	29,438	-		29,438
Restricted for:				
Emergency Reserve (TABOR) Debt Service	3,000	- 7,095,415		3,000 7,095,415
Assigned to:				
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	72,450	-		72,450
Unassigned	 365,545	 -		365,545
Total Fund Balances	 470,433	 7,095,415		7,565,848
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 637,312	\$ 7,096,100		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the funds.				24,461,714
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payal in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in t Bonds Payable Bonds Premium Developer Advance and Compounded Interest Payable	5.			(54,580,000) (1,515,623) (48,151,366)
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds				(210,085)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	(72,429,512)

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General		Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES			 		
Maintenance Reimbursement from City	\$	80,845	\$ -	\$	80,845
Parking Fees		5,614	-		5,614
Public Improvement Fees		-	5,352,418		5,352,418
Incremental Property Taxes		-	7,548,571		7,548,571
Incremental Tax Revenue - Offsite		-	903,060		903,060
Incremental Tax Revenue - Outparcels		-	391,070		391,070
Net Investment Income		8,639			8,639
Lodging Tax		-	67,081		67,081
Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2		-	369,756		369,756
Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3		_	182,218		182,218
Total Revenues		95,098	 14,814,174		14,909,272
		00,000	11,011,111		11,000,212
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Accounting		38,727	-		38,727
Auditing		8,500	-		8,500
Legal		51,189	-		51,189
Operations and Maintenance		1,684,878	-		1,684,878
Operations and Maintenance - Management Fee		150,000	-		150,000
Parking Operations		6,927	-		6,927
Dues and Subscriptions		1,688	-		1,688
Insurance and Bonds		28,544	-		28,544
Miscellaneous		1,500	-		1,500
Lighting		237,953	-		237,953
Security Cameras		122,400	-		122,400
Snow Removal		74,976	-		74,976
Block 2 Garage		136,469	-		136,469
Debt Service:					
Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds		-	5,290,000		5,290,000
Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds		-	2,785,515		2,785,515
Investment Management		-	8,328		8,328
PIF Collection Fees and Expenses		-	286,054		286,054
Unrealized Investment Losses		-	248,375		248,375
Paying Agent Fees		-	4,540		4,540
Total Expenditures		2,543,751	 8,622,812		11,166,563
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,448,653)	6,191,362		3,742,709
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advance		1,796,989	-		1,796,989
Transfers to LRA		-	(6,343,819)		(6,343,819)
Transfer In (Out)		446,177	(446,177)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,243,166	 (6,789,996)		(4,546,830)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(205,487)	(598,634)		(804,121)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		675,920	 7,694,049		8,369,969
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	470,433	\$ 7,095,415	\$	7,565,848

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (804,121)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital outlay and depreciation expense in the current period are as follows: Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	360,353 (821,736)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Developer Advance	(1,796,989)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances Current Year Bond Principal Payment	(3,750,402) 5,290,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	22,041
Amortization of Bond Premium	 178,029
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,322,825)

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Driginal nd Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES Maintananaa Baimburaamant from City	¢	77 501	¢	90.945	¢	2.264
Maintenance Reimbursement from City Parking Fees	\$	77,581 90,000	\$	80,845 5,614	\$	3,264 (84,386)
Net Investment Income				8,639		8,639
Total Revenues		167,581	-	95,098		(72,483)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:		52,000		38,727		13,273
Accounting Auditing		8,000		8,500		(500)
Legal		100,000		51,189		48,811
Operations and Maintenance		1,800,000		1,684,878		115,122
Operations and Maintenance - Management Fee		150,000		150,000		-
Parking Operations		85,000		6,927		78,073
Dues and Subscriptions		2,000		1,688		312
Insurance and Bonds		33,000		28,544		4,456
Miscellaneous		-		1,500		(1,500)
Lighting		-		237,953		(237,953)
Security Cameras		-		122,400		(122,400)
Snow Removal		-		74,976		(74,976)
Maintenance - Residential		2,500		-		2,500
Belmar Detention Pond Improvement Project		35,000		-		35,000
Engineering		5,000		-		5,000
Block 2 Garage		250,000		136,469		113,531
Block 7 Garage		150,000		-		150,000
Block 5 Garage		325,000		-		325,000
Contingency		72,500		-		72,500
Total Expenditures		3,070,000		2,543,751		526,249
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,902,419)		(2,448,653)		453,766
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Developer Advance - Maintenance Fee		1,800,000		1,684,878		(115 122)
Developer Advance - Maintenance Fee		1,800,000		1,004,070		(115,122)
Management Fee		150,000		-		(150,000)
Repay Developer Advance				(25,000)		(25,000)
Developer Advance - Parking		-		642		642
Developer Advance - Block 5 Garage		325,000				(325,000)
Developer Advance - Block 2 Garage		250,000		136,469		(113,531)
Developer Advance - Block 7 Garage		150,000		-		(150,000)
Transfers In		2,256,177		2,256,177		-
Transfers Out		(1,810,000)		(1,810,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,121,177		2,243,166		(878,011)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		218,758		(205,487)		(424,245)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		660,337		675,920		15,583
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	879,095	\$	470,433	\$	(408,662)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado was organized on November 27, 2000, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located entirely in the City of Lakewood (the City), Jefferson County, Colorado. The District was established to provide financing for water, streets, traffic and safety controls, sanitation, transportation, television relay and translator, mosquito and pest control, park and recreation, and operation and maintenance of the District. Pursuant to the Service Plan and the District Facilities Constructions and Service Agreement, the District is the Service District related to The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2), the commercial financing district, and The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 3 (District No. 3) the residential financing district. District Nos. 2 and 3 serve as the financing districts for the development of the service area, which encompasses the area of both the District and District Nos. 2 and 3 and is generally known as Belmar (the Project).

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets and liabilities of the District is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are public improvement fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets (Continued)

The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. There are no allowances for uncollectibles.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Equipment – Parking Kiosks	20 Years
Infrastructure:	
Parking Structures	75 Years
Parks and Recreation	20 Years
Curb and Sidewalk	15 Years
Streets	15 Years
Signage	10 Years

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and Investments	\$	604,874
Cash and Investments - Restricted	_	6,940,837
Total Cash and Investments	\$	7,545,711

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 129,100
Investments	 7,416,611
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 7,545,711

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$129,100.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirement.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- * Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- * Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- * Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments not measured at fair value and not categorized include governmental money market funds (PFM Funds Governmental Select series), money market funds (generally held by Bank Trust Departments in their role as paying agent or trustee), CSAFE (which are recorded at amortized cost), and COLOTRUST (which are recorded at net asset value).

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurement and Application (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount	
U.S. Government Issues	Various	\$	3,623,031
Local Government Investment Pool	Various		58,815
Supernational Issues	Various		225,025
U.S. Treasury Issues	Various		3,001,045
Colorado Statewide Investment Program	Various		57
Colotrust Plus	Various		508,638
Total		\$	7,416,611

U.S. Government Issues

The District invested a portion of its Debt Service Reserve money into U.S. Government Issues rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. Detailed investments are as follows:

~ ~ ~

			S&P								
Description	Description Market Value		Market Value			ption Market Value Rating				Maturity Date	
FNMA	\$	252,460	AA+	2.375	01/19/2023						
FHLB		250,548	AA+	2.125	03/10/2023						
FNMA		248,963	AA+	2.875	09/12/2023						
FHLB		244,544	AA+	2.250	12/08/2023						
FNMA		147,966	AA+	2.500	02/05/2024						
FHLB		223,278	AA+	3.250	03/08/2024						
FFCB		242,292	AA+	2.160	06/03/2024						
FHLB		146,783	AA+	2.875	06/14/2024						
FNMA		241,588	AA+	1.750	07/02/2024						
FFCB		241,205	AA+	1.850	07/26/2024						
FFCB		239,417	AA+	1.600	09/17/2024						
FHLMC		237,182	AA+	1.500	02/12/2025						
FNMA		230,162	AA+	0.625	04/22/2025						
FNMA		225,999	AA+	0.375	08/25/2025						
FHLMC		225,430	AA+	0.375	09/23/2025						
FNMA		225,214	AA+	0.500	11/07/2025						
Total U.S. Government Issues	\$	3,623,031									

The District invested a portion of its Debt Service Revenue money into Local Government Investment Pool rated AAAmmf by Fitch. Detailed Investments are as follows:

<u>CSAFE</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE (Continued)

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

Rating Co	oupon Rate	Maturity Date
AAmmf	4.340	

Supernational Issues

The District invested a portion of its Debt Service Reserve money into Supernational Issues rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. Detailed investments are as follows:

			S&P		
Description	Market	Value	Rating	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date
Intl. Bank Recon & Development	\$	225,025	AAA	0.500	10/28/2025
Total Supernational Issues	\$	225,025			

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

U.S. Treasury

The District invested a portion of its Debt Service Reserve money into U.S. Treasury rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. Detailed investments are as follows:

		S&P		
Description	Market Value	Rating	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date
			4.005	05/04/0000
U.S. Treasury Note	148,451	AA+	1.625	05/31/2023
U.S. Treasury Note	147,111	AA+	0.250	06/15/2023
U.S. Treasury Note	146,776	AA+	2.125	11/30/2023
U.S. Treasury Note	221,230	AA+	2.250	01/31/2024
U.S. Treasury Note	242,145	AA+	2.000	04/30/2024
U.S. Treasury Note	236,527	AA+	1.375	01/31/2025
U.S. Treasury Note	223,655	AA+	0.375	12/31/2025
U.S. Treasury Note	223,452	AA+	0.500	02/28/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	224,071	AA+	0.750	04/30/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	111,699	AA+	0.750	05/31/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	110,913	AA+	0.625	07/31/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	111,422	AA+	0.875	09/30/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	112,194	AA+	1.125	10/31/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	179,931	AA+	1.250	11/30/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	134,519	AA+	1.250	12/31/2026
U.S. Treasury Note	141,929	AA+	2.500	3/31/2027
U.S. Treasury Note	143,066	AA+	2.750	4/30/2027
U.S. Treasury Note	141,955	AA+	2.625	5/31/2027
Total U.S. Treasury Issues	\$ 3,001,045			

Colorado Statewide Investment Pool LGIP

The District invested in the Colorado Statewide Investment Pool (CSIP). CSIP is a trust organized for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. Currently, CSIP offers two investment options. The District invested in the CSIP LGIP option. CSIP LGIP is a portfolio is that is managed to maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of no more than 60 days, with each share valued at \$1.00. The portfolio invests exclusively in high quality money market instruments and is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

			S&P		
Description	Market Value		Rating	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date
Colorado Statewide Investment Pool	\$	57	AAAm	4.280	Under 60 days

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

Description	Maturity Date	_	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average		
Trust (COLOTRUST PLUS+)	Under 60 days	\$	508,638

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets – Governmental Funds

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance - December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance - December 31, 2022			
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Depreciated. Detention Ponds	\$ 289,446	\$-	\$-	\$ 289,446			
Construction in Progress:	<u> </u>		<u>.</u>				
Security		122,400		122,400			
Total Capital Assets,	000 440	400,400		111.010			
Not Being Depreciated	289,446	122,400		411,846			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Public Transportation/							
Parking Structures	28,831,970	-	-	28,831,970			
Curb and Sidewalk	5,694,806	-	-	5,694,806			
Streets	3,464,737	-	-	3,464,737			
Parking Kiosks	334,601	-	-	334,601			
Parks and Recreation	3,627,056	-	-	3,627,056			
Signage	162,977	-	-	162,977			
Lighting	-	237,953	-	237,953			
Total Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated	42,116,147	237,953	-	42,354,100			
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Public Transportation/							
Parking Structures	(6,579,385)	(384,522)	-	(6,963,907)			
Curb and Sidewalk	(5,694,806)	-	-	(5,694,806)			
Streets	(2,827,184)	(230,982)	-	(3,058,166)			
Parking Kiosks	(234,220)	(16,730)	-	(250,950)			
Parks and Recreation	(1,994,883)	(181,353)	-	(2,176,236)			
Signage	(152,018)	(8,149)	-	(160,167)			
Total Accumulated	<u>, </u>						
Depreciation	(17,482,496)	(821,736)	-	(18,304,232)			
Total Capital Assets							
Being Depreciated, Net	24,633,651	(461,383)		24,049,868			
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 24,923,097	\$ (338,983)	\$-	\$ 24,461,714			

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets – Governmental Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental operations of the District for the year ended December 31, 2022, in the amount of \$821,736. A portion of the capital assets constructed by the District were conveyed to other governmental entities. The costs of all capital assets transferred to other governmental entities were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Governmental activities:	 Balance - December 31, 2021	Additions		Retirements		Balance - December 31, 2022		[Due Within One Year
Bonds: Series 2013 Revenue									
Refunding Bonds	\$ 59,870,000	\$	-	\$	5,290,000	\$	54,580,000	\$	5,550,000
Series 2013 Bonds Premium	 1,693,652 61,563,652		-		178,029 5,468,029		1,515,623 56,095,623		5,550,000
Other Debts: Developer Advances									
and Compounded Interest	 42,603,975		5,547,391		-		48,151,366		-
Total	\$ 104,167,627	\$	5,547,391	\$	5,468,029	\$	104,246,989	\$	5,550,000

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

\$98,900,000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, dated January 30, 2013, with interest of 2.00% to 4.90%, payable on June 1 and December 1, each year. The bonds consist of term and serial bonds that mature December 1, 2040 with principal payment due on December 1 each year. The bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2023, are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in part, and if in part in inverse order of maturity, on December 1, 2022, and on any date thereafter, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amounts of each Series 2013 Bonds so redeemed plus interest accrued to the redemption date, without redemption premium. The revenues pledged consist of the PIF Revenue, TIF Revenue, Offsite Incremental TIF Review, Lodging Tax Revenue, and Capital Pledge Agreement Revenues, as well as any other legally available amounts designated as such. The Additional Offsite Incremental TIF Review pledge test was satisfied in 2014 and has been released from Pledge Revenues going forward.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Unused Lines of Credit

The Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit.

Collateral

No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds.

Events of Default

Events of default occur if the Districts fail to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Indenture, and do not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Indentures.

Termination Events

The Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds do not have a termination provision.

Acceleration

The Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds are not subject to acceleration.

The total debt service obligations of principal and interest for the Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		cipal Interest			Total
2023	\$	5,550,000	\$	2,521,015	_	\$ 8,071,015
2024		5,080,000		2,299,015		7,379,015
2025		5,280,000		2,090,735		7,370,735
2026		5,500,000		1,868,975		7,368,975
2027		2,565,000		1,621,475		4,186,475
2028-2032		7,930,000		6,776,825		14,706,825
2033-3037		9,040,000		4,805,250		13,845,250
2038-2040		13,635,000		1,730,750		15,365,750
Total	\$	54,580,000	\$	23,714,040	_	\$ 78,294,040

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Debt Authorization

On November 7, 2000, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$728,000,000. On May 7, 2002, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$976,000,000. On November 6, 2007, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election voted in the election authorized the issuance of additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$976,000,000. On November 6, 2007, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$187,375,000. After the issuance of the Series 2003 bonds, Series 2005 bonds, 2010 Loan, and Series 2013 bonds, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized November 7, 2000 Election	Authorized May 7, 2002 Election	Authorized November 6, 2007 Election	Authorization Used 2003 and 2005 Bonds	Authorization Used 2010 Loan	Authorization Used 2013 Bonds	Remaining at December 31, 2022
Streets	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,000,000	\$-	\$ 84,417,698	\$ 925,000	\$ 6,484,829	\$ 108,172,473
Sanitary and Storm Sewer	35,000,000	35,000,000	-	5,790,134	-	-	64,209,866
Park and Recreation	25,000,000	25,000,000	-	642,961	-	-	49,357,039
Public Transportation	12,000,000	12,000,000	-	12,537	-	-	23,987,463
Traffic and Safety	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	-	-	-	14,000,000
Television Relay and							
Translation	12,000,000	12,000,000	-	584,837	-	-	23,415,163
Water	36,000,000	36,000,000	-	4,051,833	-	-	67,948,167
Mosquito Control	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	-	-	-	14,000,000
Operations and							
Maintenance	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	-	-	-	14,000,000
Refundings	241,000,000	241,000,000	-	-	-	92,415,171	389,584,829
Contracts	-	246,000,000	-	-	-	-	246,000,000
Intergovernmental							
Agreements	246,000,000	246,000,000	187,375,000	-	-	-	679,375,000
Management Services							
Contract	-	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
Total	\$ 728,000,000	\$ 976,000,000	\$ 187,375,000	\$ 95,500,000	\$ 925,000	\$ 98,900,000	\$ 1,696,050,000
				·	·		

According to the Service Plan, the District is limited to issuing \$250,000,000 in debt (except for bonds issued for refunding purposes). Per the Consolidated Quinquennial Review filed with the City of Lakewood Manager and the City of Lakewood Finance Director on October 11, 2012, all authorized debt is to be issued within 20 years from the date of authorization for such debt. The Plaza Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3 are limited to a maximum debt service mill levy of 25 mills and 20 mills, respectively, as adjusted for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation. The maximum debt service mill levy imposed at December 31, 2022, for collection of taxes in 2022, as adjusted, is 25 mills for The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 2 and 25.324 mills for The Plaza Metropolitan District No. 3.

The 2000 and 2002 electoral authorizations have expired. No more debt will be issued pursuant to those elections.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Debt Authorization (Continued)

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The amounts included in the calculation include only the costs and related debt associated with the parking structures, curb and sidewalk improvements, streets, signage, parks and recreation that are being retained by the District As of December 31, 2022, the District had invested in capital assets, net of related debt calculated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 24,461,714
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations:	
Bonds and Note Payable	(25,445,196)
Unspent Bond Proceeds	 3,220,470
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,236,988

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 3,000
Debt Service	 187,499
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 190,499

The District had a deficit net position as of December 31, 2022. This deficit amount was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

In June 2021, B33 Services, LLC purchased the property and all outstanding obligations of SOF-X. A majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the District are officers, directors, employees, representatives, members, or otherwise affiliated with B33 Services, LLC, B33 Belmar II, LLC, Bridge33 Capital LLC, and Belmar Commercial Owner L.P.

Reimbursement Agreement

On June 30, 2016, the District entered into a funding and reimbursement agreement (operations and maintenance) with the Belmar District Development Owner, L.P. which was subsequently assumed by B33 Services, LLC (the Developer), (the 2016 Reimbursement Agreement). On that same date, the prior Developer assigned its rights to reimbursement under the 2016 Reimbursement Agreement to Preston Hollow Capital, LLC. On September 30, 2016, Preston Hollow Capital, LLC further assigned its rights to Bank of the Ozarks. Pursuant to the agreement, the Developer agreed to advance funds necessary to enable the District to fulfill the operations and maintenance responsibilities of the District. On September 12, 2017, Preston Hollow Capital, LLC assigned its rights under the Original Assignment to UMB Bank, N.A., Trustee. The advances are to be repaid along with interest at the rate of 8.5%. The Developer advanced \$1,796,989 and \$3,750,402 of interest accrued on outstanding advances during 2022. As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal amount and compounded interest was \$48,151,366.

Management Agreement

On August 25, 2021, the District entered into a management agreement with B33 Services, LLC, to provide property management and maintenance of the facilities within Belmar. The District will pay B33 Services, LLC, \$150,000 per year as a management fee for these services. During 2022, the District incurred expense of \$150,000 in operations and maintenance.

Supplemental Financing Agreement

Effective July 1, 2003, the District entered into the Supplemental Financing Agreement, with the Redeveloper, the City, the Lakewood Reinvestment Authority (LRA) and U.S. Bank (Trustee). Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, the City and the LRA assign all right, title and interest, in the Incremental Property Taxes, the Incremental Sales Taxes, Additional Offsite Incremental Taxes and Interim Additional Offsite Incremental Taxes and the City assigns its rights in the Rebated Lodging Taxes to the District, which has pledged these revenues for repayment of the bonds.

The agreement requires Incremental Property Taxes to be paid based upon the Belmar Outparcels Tax Increment Area as certified by the County Assessor. This is administratively infeasible because the County Assessor only certifies Property Tax Base Amounts for urban renewal areas, and not subsets thereof. Additionally, the assessed valuation was not retained at the time of creation of Alameda Corridor I in 1997. The Assessor's database only reports assessed valuation data back to the 2002 assessment date. Therefore, the most practical way to derive a base valuation is to use the 2002 assessed valuation amounts and discount them by an annual rate of 3% five periods back to 1997 estimated values. In 2022, LRA remitted Outparcels tax of \$391,070 for the current year.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Supplemental Financing Agreement (Continued)

There is an Annual Bond Requirement Amount, which among other things, includes funding upcoming debt service payments and the debt service reserve that is to be funded by the pledged revenue sources. Per the Section 4.03(d)(i) of the Trust Indenture, a Notice of Bond Revenue Termination is issued annually by the trustee, stating that amounts in excess of the Annual Bond Requirement Amount are not accepted by the trustee and may be remitted to the LRA. Pursuant to this agreement, in 2022, the District remitted \$6,343,819 for the year 2022.

On September 24, 2015, Continuum Lakewood Development Company, LLC, assigned its obligations and benefits to SOF-X U.S. Acquisitions, LLC. In June 2021, the Developer assumed all obligations and benefits under this Agreement.

Solar Panels Agreement

On September 28, 2007, the District entered into an agreement with MMA Belmar Power, LLC (Belmar Power), which allows Belmar Power to lease certain areas within the District, and to construct and install solar panel energy systems at those locations. The locations are generally on the top decks of the Block 2, Block 5, and Block 7 parking garages. Under the terms of the agreement and the related Solar Power Purchase Agreement, Belmar Power will operate the solar panels and the District will purchase the electricity that is generated from the panels from Belmar Power. The District, as owner of the sites where the solar panels were constructed was entitled to rebates from Xcel Energy; however, the District pledged the rebates to Belmar Power pursuant to terms of the agreement. The District received \$400,000 of rebates in 2008, which it then submitted to Belmar Power.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

On September 24, 2015, the District entered into an agreement with Belmar District Development Owner, L.P. (the Developer). Under this agreement, the Developer agrees to design, construct, and complete the public improvements in compliance with specifications required by the District and other appropriate jurisdictions. The District will be deemed to have incurred an obligation to reimburse the Developer when the Developer has met the requirements of advanced funds on the behalf of the District, the Developer has dedicated public infrastructure on the behalf of the District, or the District acquires public infrastructure from the Developer. The advances are to be repaid along with interest at the rate of 8.5%.

NOTE 8 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

PIF Collection Agreement

Retail businesses located within the Project will have a Public Improvement Fee assessed on each of their sales at 2.5%. Pursuant to the terms of the PIF Collection Agreement, entered into on July 1, 2003, the Redeveloper has assigned its rights in PIF Revenues to the District, which has pledged the PIF Revenues for repayment of the bonds. As with the Supplemental Financing Agreement, once certain thresholds are met, the excess amounts are to be remitted to the LRA.

The District, the Developer, the City, the LRA, and the Trustee are the parties to this agreement. By provision of the agreement, all PIF Revenue prior to January 1, 2004, was paid directly to the Redeveloper and was not a source of pledged revenue for the District. PIF Revenue collected after January 1, 2004, was assigned to the District.

Capital Levy Revenues Pledge Agreement

This agreement, entered into on July 1, 2003, amended November 21, 2005, further amended January 23, 2013, between the District and District Nos. 2 and 3, pledges the revenue collected from the District No. 2 and District No. 3 mill levies to the District. These funds are a pledged revenue source for the District's Series 2013 Bonds. The agreement will terminate once certain criteria are met.

District Facilities Construction and Service Agreement

This agreement is between the District and District Nos. 2 and 3, and is dated July 1, 2003. Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, the District is to construct, own, or transfer, and to operate and maintain, public facilities and services within the Districts. District Nos. 2 and 3 are the financing or taxing districts and are obligated to fund the construction and maintenance operations of the District.

On-Street Pay Parking Agreement

On May 14, 2004, the District entered into an agreement with the City that establishes a system for pay parking on City owned public streets within Belmar. Pursuant to the agreement, the District has the authority to establish the fees and time limits associated with the pay parking, and also has the authority to enforce these policies. The parking fees are to be collected by the District and any parking fines for violations are to be collected by the City. These revenues are collectively referred to as "Pay Parking Revenues." The Pay Parking Revenues are to be used first to reimburse the City for its costs associated with the pay parking system, then to reimburse the District for its related costs. Any excess annual revenue that is less than \$600,000 may be used for cultural and community programs within Belmar or for the operations and maintenance of public right-of-ways, public spaces, public parking, arts and cultural facilities and regional transit systems. Any annual revenue in excess of the \$600,000 is to be shared 50% each to the District and the City.

On September 16, 2015, Continuum Lakewood Development Company, LLC, assigned its obligations and benefits to SOF-X Belmar Holdings, L. P.

NOTE 8 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Intergovernmental Block 2 and 7 Parking Agreements

By agreements dated July 28, 2003, between the District and the LRA, the parties agree that the District will construct two parking garages, maintain those garages and insure the garages for a defined term. The garage on Block 2 shall be maintained and insured by the District through June 1, 2019, and the garage on Block 7 shall be maintained and insured by the District through June 1, 2048. On December 31, 2003, the Block 2 agreement was amended to extend the expiration date from June 1, 2019, to June 1, 2035. There is also a provision in the Block 7 Agreement that the District must provide a facility that has a minimum of 825 parking spaces that are available to the public during the term of the Agreement. On August 8, 2014, the Block 2 agreement was amended to extend the expiration date from June 1, 2048. The amendment also included a provision for the operating hours.

During May 2004, the District entered into an agreement with the City regarding the maintenance and operations of the public infrastructure located within the District and amended an agreement on October 15, 2009. Pursuant to the agreement, the District will provide the majority of maintenance to the facilities within the District. The District will provide landscape maintenance, sidewalk sweeping, street lighting, and snow removal to streets within the District. There are certain streets within the District that are adjacent only to residential properties on which the City will perform snow and ice control. The City agrees to reimburse the District \$48,000 per year, as inflated on an annual basis per the Consumer Price Index, for snow and ice control and removal. The City also agrees to annually reimburse the District for maintenance and energy utilized for streetlights. In 2022, the District received \$80,845 under the terms of this agreement.

NOTE 9 OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer of \$1,837,895 from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund during 2022 represents excess funds from Pledged Revenues returned to the District based on priority of funds in Section 4.05(b)(ii) of the Trust Indenture, dated January 1, 2013. Additionally, in 2022, \$418,282 was transferred from Debt Service Fund to the General Fund in connection with Series 2013 bond issuance. The money was used to fund O & M expenses. Also in 2022, there was a transfer in the amount of \$1,810,000 from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for payment to the Lakewood Reinvestment Authority.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool) as of December 31, 2022. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

In May of 2002, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain, beginning in 2002 and for each subsequent year, all revenues of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Original Final Amounts (Negative) Public Improvement Fees Incremental Property Taxes \$ 4,500,000 \$ 5,350,000 \$ 5,352,418 \$ 2,4' Incremental Property Taxes 9,073,000 7,873,000 7,548,571 (324,4') Incremental Tax Revenue - Offsite 903,056 903,066 903,060 (324,4') Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,00 - Net Investment Income 7,000 - - - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 4411,098 369,756 (41,3) Intergovernmental Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,8') EXPENDITURES Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 1,110 Pilf Collection Fees and Expenses 7,500 4,540 2,96 286,054 286,054 286,054 2,96 Umrealized Investment Losses 7,500 4,540 2,96 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Budget /</th> <th>Amou</th> <th>nts</th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Fir</th> <th>riance with nal Budget Positive</th>			Budget /	Amou	nts		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
Public Improvement Fees \$ 4,500,000 \$ 5,350,000 \$ 5,352,418 \$ 2,44 Incremental Tox Revenue - Otisite 9,073,000 7,548,571 (324,42) Incremental Tax Revenue - Outparcels 338,925 338,925 338,925 391,070 52,14 Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,00 - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 411,098 369,756 (41,34) Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3 184,907 184,907 182,218 (2,66) Total Revenues 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 16,177,986 14,814,174 (306,87) Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87) PlF Collection Fees and Expenses 2,86,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054							Amounts	1)	Negative)
Public Improvement Fees \$ 4,500,000 \$ 5,350,000 \$ 5,352,418 \$ 2,44 Incremental Tox Revenue - Otisite 9,073,000 7,548,571 (324,42) Incremental Tax Revenue - Outparcels 338,925 338,925 338,925 391,070 52,14 Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,00 - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 411,098 369,756 (41,34) Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3 184,907 184,907 182,218 (2,66) Total Revenues 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 16,177,986 14,814,174 (306,87) Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87) PlF Collection Fees and Expenses 2,86,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054	DEVENILIES								
Incremental Property Taxes 9,073,000 7,873,000 7,873,000 7,548,571 (324,42) Incremental Tax Revenue - Ottrice 903,056 903,056 903,060 903,060 Incremental Tax Revenue - Outparcels 338,925 338,925 338,925 391,070 52,14 Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,00 - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 411,098 489,07 182,218 (2,68) Total Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87) EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 8,328 1,11 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 2,96 1,85,77 Unrealized Investment Losses 7,500 7,500 4,540 2,99 1,51,65 Unrealized Investment Losses 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,0		\$	4 500 000	\$	5 350 000	\$	5 352 418	\$	2,418
Incremental Tax Revenue - Otfsite 903,056 903,056 903,056 903,060 Incremental Tax Revenue - Outparcels 338,925 338,925 338,925 338,000 52,14 Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,00 Net Investment Income 7,000 - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 369,756 (41,33) Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3 184,907 184,907 182,218 (2.66) Total Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87) Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 2.90 1,11 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 2.90 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11 1,11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	(324,429)
Incremental Tax Revenue - Outparcels 338,925 338,925 391,070 52,14 Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,000 Net Investment Income 7,000 - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 411,098 369,756 (41,34) Intergovernmental Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87) EXPENDITURES Debt Service: 35,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 1,172 Investment Management 9,500 9,500 8,328 1,117 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,77 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (0,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers to LRA (1,810,000 1,									(02 1, 120)
Lodging Tax 60,000 60,000 67,081 7,00 Net Investment Income 7,000 7,			,		,		,		52,145
Net Investment Income 7,000 - - Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2 411,098 411,098 369,756 (41,34) Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3 184,907 184,907 182,218 (2,68) Total Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87) EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 1,83,054 286,054	•				,		,		7,081
Intergovernmental Revenues 184,907 184,907 182,218 (2,66 Total Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,87 EXPENDITURES Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 Investment Management 9,500 9,500 8,328 1,11 PIF Collection Fees 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,73 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,00 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,543,819) 157,43 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>7,000</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>· -</td><td></td><td>-</td></tr<>			7,000		-		· -		-
Total Revenues 15,477,986 15,120,986 14,814,174 (306,8) EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000	Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 2		411,098		411,098		369,756		(41,342)
EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 Investment Management 9,500 9,500 8,328 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 Paying Agent Fees 7,500 7,500 4,540 2,96 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,73 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) 7,43 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) 7,43 Transfers Out (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,947,431) 6,789,996) 1	Intergovernmental Revenue from Plaza No. 3		184,907		184,907		182,218		(2,689)
Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 2,99 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 2,99 1,17 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,73 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (0,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,06 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) 7,43 Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43	Total Revenues		15,477,986		15,120,986		14,814,174		(306,812)
Debt Service: Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds 5,290,000 5,290,000 5,290,000 Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 2,99 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 2,99 1,17 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,73 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (0,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,06 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) 7,43 Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43	EXPENDITURES								
Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 Investment Management 9,500 9,500 8,328 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054									
Interest Expense - Series 2013 Bonds 2,785,515 2,785,515 2,785,515 Investment Management 9,500 9,500 8,328 1,17 PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054	Bond Principal - Series 2013 Bonds		5,290,000		5,290,000		5,290,000		-
PIF Collection Fees and Expenses 286,054 286,054 286,054 286,054 Paying Agent Fees 7,500 7,500 4,540 2,96 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,76 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,06 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,06 Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049	•		2,785,515						-
Paying Agent Fees 7,500 7,500 4,540 2,96 Unrealized Investment Losses - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,75 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05 Transfers to LRA Transfers In (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers Out Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049	Investment Management		9,500		9,500		8,328		1,172
Unrealized Investment Losses Total Expenditures - 400,000 248,375 151,62 Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,75 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05) Transfers to LRA Transfers In Transfers Out Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 6,38	PIF Collection Fees and Expenses		286,054		286,054		286,054		-
Total Expenditures 8,378,569 8,778,569 8,622,812 155,75 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,05 Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) 157,43 Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 6,34	Paying Agent Fees		7,500		7,500		4,540		2,960
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,057) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,437 Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,437 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) 157,437 Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,437 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,387 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 -	Unrealized Investment Losses		-		400,000		248,375		151,625
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,050) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,42 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,42 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 16,34	Total Expenditures		8,378,569		8,778,569		8,622,812		155,757
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES 7,099,417 6,342,417 6,191,362 (151,050) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,42 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,42 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 16,34	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers to LRA (1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 1			7,099,417		6,342,417		6,191,362		(151,055)
Transfers to LRA (6,501,254) (6,343,819) 157,43 Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXPENDITURES AND OTHER 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 16,34	、 ,								
Transfers In 1,810,000 1,810,000 1,810,000 Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 1694,049	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out (2,256,177) (2,256,177) (2,256,177) Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 151,986 151,986			(6,501,254)		(6,501,254)		(6,343,819)		157,435
Total Other Financing Sources (6,947,431) (6,947,431) (6,789,996) 157,43 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 7,694,049			1,810,000		1,810,000		1,810,000		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES151,986(605,014)(598,634)6,38Fund Balance - Beginning of Year7,300,0987,694,0497,694,049			()		(; ,		(; ;)		-
FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER) 151,986 (605,014) (598,634) 6,38 Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049 7	Total Other Financing Sources		(6,947,431)		(6,947,431)		(6,789,996)		157,435
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,300,098 7,694,049 7,694,049									
			151,986		(605,014)		(598,634)		6,380
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 7,452,084 \$ 7,089,035 \$ 7,095,415 \$ 6,38	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		7,300,098		7,694,049		7,694,049		-
ψ 1,102,001 ψ 1,000 \psi	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	7,452,084	\$	7,089,035	\$	7,095,415	\$	6,380

THE PLAZA METRO DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

	\$98,900,000 Series 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds Dated January 30, 2013 Interest Rate of 2.00% to 4.90% Payable on June 1 and December 1, Principal Due on December 1						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest			Total	
2023	\$	5,550,000	\$	2,521,015	g	;	8,071,015
2024	Ψ	5,080,000	Ψ	2,299,015	4		7,379,015
2025		5,280,000		2,090,735			7,370,735
2026		5,500,000		1,868,975			7,368,975
2027		2,565,000		1,621,475			4,186,475
2028		1,995,000		1,506,050			3,501,050
2029		1,395,000		1,416,275			2,811,275
2030		1,450,000		1,353,500			2,803,500
2031		1,510,000		1,288,250			2,798,250
2032		1,580,000		1,212,750			2,792,750
2033		1,650,000		1,133,750			2,783,750
2034		1,725,000		1,051,250			2,776,250
2035		1,805,000		965,000			2,770,000
2036		1,885,000		874,750			2,759,750
2037		1,975,000		780,500			2,755,500
2038		2,065,000		681,750			2,746,750
2039		2,160,000		578,500			2,738,500
2040		9,410,000		470,500			9,880,500
Total	\$	54,580,000	\$	23,714,040	9	5	78,294,040